

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND SUPPLIER'S IDENTIFICATION

Product ID: IA-68165 A

Product Name: Quick Set Surface Seal & Peel (Side A)

Revision Date: May 01, 2015 Date Printed: Jan 31, 2017

Version: 1.0 Supersedes Date: N.A.

Manufacturer's Name: Mar-flex Waterproofing & Building Products

Address: 500 Business Parkway Carlisle, OH, US, 45005

Emergency Phone: Chem-Trec: 1-800-424-9300

Information Phone Number: 513-422-7285

Fax: 513-422-7282

Product/Recommended Uses:

SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification:

Specific Target Organ Toxicity -Single Exposure (Respiratory Tract Irritation) - Category 3

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure - Category 2

Skin Irritation - Category 2

Respiratory Sensitizer (Solid/Liquid) - Category 1

Skin Sensitizer - Category 1
Carcinogenicity - Category 2

Eye Irritation - Category 2

Acute toxicity Inhalation - Category 2

Pictograms:







Signal Word:

Danger

Hazardous Statements - Health:

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Suspected of causing cancer.

May cause respiratory irritation

Causes skin irritation

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

May cause an allergic skin reaction

Causes serious eye irritation

Fatal if inhaled

Precautionary Statements - General:

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Keep out of reach of children.

Read label before use.

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Precautionary Statements - Prevention:

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Keep container tightly closed.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

[In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Precautionary Statements - Response:

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Specific treatment is urgent (see Section 4 on this SDS)

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

Specific treatment (see First-aid measures on this SDS).

Take off contaminated clothing. And wash it before reuse.

If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Precautionary Statements - Storage:

Store locked up.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container to disposal recycling center. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC):

None.

SECTION 3) COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

 CAS
 Chemical Name
 % By Weight

 0000101-68-8
 4,4'-METHYLENEDIPHENYL DIISOCYANATE (MDI)
 18% - 42%

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation:

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should administer emergency oxygen if advised to do so by the POISON CENTER/doctor. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye Contact:

Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for 15-20 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin Contact:

Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for 15-20 minutes. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion:

Drink no more than 2 glasses of water and induce vomiting by administering 2 tablespoons of ipecac syrup or by touching finger to back of victim's throat. Keep victim's head below hips while vomiting. Seek immediate medical attention.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed:

Vapors and aerosols probably affect respiratory tract. MDI can induce respiratory irritation with asthma-like symptoms. These symptoms may be immediate or delayed up to several hours after exposure.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed:

No data available.

SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:

No data available.

Specific Hazards in Case of Fire:

Burning produces noxious and toxic fumes.

Carbon monoxide and dioxide, nitrogen oxides, ammonia. Trace amounts of hydrogen cyanide.

If water is used, use very large quantities. A very vigorous reaction may take place between water and the hot product. Water contamination will produce gas (carbon dioxide). Do not reseal contaminated containers as pressure buildup may rupture them.

Fire-fighting Procedures:

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

Special Protective Actions:

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedure:

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smokes, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).

Isolate hazard area and keep unnecessary people away. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.

Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

Recommended Equipment:

Positive pressure, full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA), or positive pressure supplied air respirator with escape SCBA (NIOSH approved).

Personal Precautions:

Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Personal must be properly protected from inhalation of Isocyanate vapors and trained to handle decontamination operation.

Environmental Precautions:

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up:

Make decontamination solution of 5% liquid detergent and 5% ammonium hydroxide or 7% sodium carbonate in water. Treat spill area with decontamination solution, using about 10 parts for each part of spilled material and allow to react for 10 minutes. Carbon dioxide will form, leaving insoluble polymer material.

Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same physical hazards as the product.

SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE

General:

Wash hands after use.

Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.

Do not breathe vapors or mists.

Use good personal hygiene practices.

Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

Ventilation Requirements:

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

Storage Room Requirements:

Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, strong oxidizers and any incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Empty containers can retain residue and may be dangerous.

Protect from freezing.

SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye protection:

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids. If additional protection is needed for entire face, use in combination with a face shield.

Skin Protection:

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to avoid skin sensitization. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory Protection:

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

Appropriate Engineering Controls:

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

| Chemical Name | OSHA STEL (ppm) | OSHA TWA (mg/m3) | OSHA TWA (ppm) | OSHA STEL (mg/m3) | OSHA Carcinogen | OSHA Skin designation | OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3) | NIOSH TWA (mg/m3) | NIOSH TWA (ppm) | NIOSH STEL (mg/m3) | NIOSH STEL (ppm) | NIOSH Carcinogen |
|--|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| 4,4'- METHYLENEDIPHEN YL DIISOCYANATE (MDI) | | 0.2 ceiling | 0.02 ceiling | | | | 1 | 0.050 | 0.005 | | | |

| Chemical Name | ACGIH TWA (mg/m3) | ACGIH TWA (ppm) | ACGIH STEL (mg/m3) | ACGIH STEL (ppm) | ACGIH TLV Basis | ACGIH Carcinogen | ACGIH Notations |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 4,4'- METHYLENEDIPHEN YL DIISOCYANATE (MDI) | 0.051 | 0.005 | | | Resp sens | | |

resp - respiratory, sens - sensitization

SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical and Chemical Properties

| Density | 11.02 lb/gal |
|--------------------|--------------|
| % Solids By Weight | N/A |
| Density VOC | 3.30 lb/gal |
| % VOC | 30.00% |
| Specific Gravity | 1.32 |

Appearance White paste Odor Threshold N/A Odor Description Mild рΗ N/A Water Solubility Minimal Flammability N/A Flash Point Symbol Flash Point 230 °F Viscosity N/A Lower Explosion Level N/A Upper Explosion Level N/A Vapor Pressure N/A Vapor Density N/A Freezing Point N/A N/A Melting Point 400 °F Low Boiling Point High Boiling Point N/A Auto Ignition Temp N.A. Decomposition Pt N/A **Evaporation Rate** < 1 Coefficient Water/Oil N/A

SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:

The product is stable under normal storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid:

Avoid heat, sparks, flame, high temperature, freezing and contact with incompatible materials.

Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization:

May occur if product is not handled per instruction.

This product must be mixed with another component or water (moisture) to react. Excessive heat, fumes, and foam generation can occur if improperly handled.

Incompatible Materials:

Strong acids, strong bases, amines, mercaptains, polyols, water, metal compounds.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, ammonia, trace amounts of hydrogen cyanide.

SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely Route of Exposure:

Inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption, eye contact.

Skin Corrosion/Irritation:

Causes skin irritation

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation:

Causes serious eye irritation

Respiratory/Skin Sensitization:

As a result of previous repeated overexposure or a single large dose, certain individuals develop isocyanine sensitization (chemical asthma) or tissue injury in the upper respiratory tract. Animal tests indicate skin contact alone may also lead to allergic respiratory reaction. These effects may be permanent. Any person developing asthmatic reaction or other sensitization should be removed from further exposure.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

May cause an allergic skin reaction

Germ Cell Mutagenicity:

No data available

Carcinogenicity:

Suspected of causing cancer.

Reproductive Toxicity:

No data available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure:

May cause respiratory irritation

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure:

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Long term exposure to vapors and aerosols can result in decreased lung function.

Aspiration Hazard:

No data available

Acute Toxicity:

No data available

0000101-68-8 4,4'-METHYLENEDIPHENYL DIISOCYANATE (MDI)

LC50 (rat): 369-490 mg/m3 (aerosol) (4-hour exposure) (1)

LC50 (rat): 178 mg/m3 (17.4 ppm) (duration of exposure not reported) (2)

LD50 (oral, rat): greater than 10,000 mg/kg (1,2) LD50 (dermal, rabbit): greater than 10,000 mg/kg (1)

LD50 (oral, mouse): 2,200 mg/kg (3)

SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity:

No data available

Persistence and Degradability:

No data available.

Bio-accumulative Potential:

No data available.

Mobility in Soil:

No data available.

Other Adverse Effects:

No data available.

SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal:

Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT Information:

UN number: UN2206

Proper shipping name: Isocyanates, toxic, n.o.s. or Isocyanate solutions, toxic, n.o.s., flash point more than 61 degrees C and boiling point less than 300 degrees C (4,4"-METHYLENEDIPHENYL DIISOCYANATE)

Hazard class: 6 Packaging group: II

Hazardous substance (RQ): No data available Toxic-Inhalation Hazard: No data available Marine Pollutant: No data available Note / Special Provision: No data available

IMDG Information:

UN number: UN2206

Proper shipping name: Isocyanates, toxic, n.o.s. or Isocyanate solutions, toxic, n.o.s., flash point more than 61 degrees C and boiling point less than 300 degrees C (4,4"-METHYLENEDIPHENYL DIISOCYANATE)

Hazard class: 6 Packaging group: II

Marine Pollutant: No data available Note / Special Provision: No data available

IATA Information:

UN number: UN2206 Hazard class: 6 Packaging group: II

Proper shipping name: Isocyanates, toxic, n.o.s. or Isocyanate solutions, toxic, n.o.s., flash point more than 61 degrees C and boiling point

less than 300 degrees C (4,4"-METHYLENEDIPHENYL DIISOCYANATE)

Note / Special Provision: No data available

SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION

| CAS | Chemical Name | % By Weight | Regulation List |
|--------------|--|-------------|--|
| 0000101-68-8 | 4,4'- METHYLENEDIPHENYL DIISOCYANATE (MDI) | 18% - 42% | CERCLA,SARA312,VOC,IARCCarcinogen,TSCA |

SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION

Glossary:

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDGCanadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- ESE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL- Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA-National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313-Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA- Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

HMIS



(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks

Version 1.0:

Revision Date: May 01, 2015

First Edition.

DISCLAIMER

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above named supplier nor any of its subsidiaries assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist. The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.



SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1) CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND SUPPLIER'S IDENTIFICATION

Product ID: IA-68165 B

Product Name: Quick Set Surface Seal & Peel (Side B)

Revision Date: May 01, 2016 Date Printed: Feb 13, 2017

Version: 1.0 Supersedes Date: N.A.

Manufacturer's Name: Mar-flex Waterproofing & Building Products

Address: 500 Business Parkway Carlisle, OH, US, 45005

Emergency Phone: Chem-Trec: 1-800-424-9300

Information Phone Number: 513-422-7285

Fax: 513-422-7282

Product/Recommended Uses:

SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification:

Carcinogenicity - Category 1

Acute toxicity Inhalation - Category 4

Acute toxicity Oral - Category 4

Pictograms:





Signal Word:

Danger

Hazardous Statements - Health:

May cause cancer.

Harmful if swallowed

Harmful if inhaled

May cause an allergic skin reaction

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

Precautionary Statements - General:

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Keep out of reach of children.

Read label before use.

Precautionary Statements - Prevention:

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Precautionary Statements - Response:

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor,if you feel unwell.

Rinse mouth.

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Call a POISON CENTER/doctor, if you feel unwell.

Precautionary Statements - Storage:

Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements - Disposal:

Dispose of contents/container to disposal recycling center. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HNOC):

Contact with eyes can cause severe burns, irritation, redness, tearing or blurred vision.

Contact with skin can cause moderate irritation or an allergic reaction. Prolonged or repeated exposure can cause a severe burn.

Acute toxicity of 17.59% of the mixture is unknown

SECTION 3) COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

| CAS | Chemical Name | % By Weight |
|--------------|--|-------------|
| 0005285-60-9 | Benzenamine, 4,4'-methylenebis[N-(1-methylpropyl)- | 0.0% - 50% |
| Proprietary | Alkyl phthalates (c6-c13) | 0.0% - 50% |
| 0067762-90-7 | CATALYST AMORPHOUS SILICA | 0.0% - 9% |
| 0014807-96-6 | TALC | 0.0% - 4% |
| 0014808-60-7 | SILICA, CRYSTALLINE | 0.0% - 0.5% |

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES

Inhalation:

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should administer emergency oxygen if advised to do so by the POISON CENTER/doctor. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Eye Contact:

Rinse eyes cautiously with lukewarm, gently flowing water and/or 1% boric acid for several minutes, while holding the eyelids open. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for 30 minutes. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Skin Contact:

Apply generous amounts of waterless hand cleaner to affected area. Rub briskly and remove with paper towel or rag. Repeat process. Then rinse/wash with lukewarm, gently flowing water and mild soap for 15-20 minutes or until product is removed. Wash contaminated clothing and destroy leather goods. If skin irritation occurs or you feel unwell: Get medical advice/attention.

Ingestion:

Rinse mouth. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs naturally, have victim lean forward to reduce risk of aspiration. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed:

If inhaled at temperatures above 90 °F, fumes will be irritating.

Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed:

No data available.

SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces. Sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Extinguishing media:

Carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical and water fog

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:

No data available.

Specific Hazards in Case of Fire:

Hazardous decomposition products may occur when material polymerizes at temperatures above 500°F (260°C). Hazardous decomposition products can include carbon monoxide and nitrous oxides.

Fire-fighting Procedures:

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Water spray may be useful in minimizing or dispersing vapors and to protect personnel. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid.

Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

Electrical grounding is not recommended.

Special Protective Actions:

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedure:

ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smokes, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area).

Isolate hazard area and keep unnecessary people away. Notify authorities if any exposure to the general public or the environment occurs or is likely to occur.

Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

If spilled material is cleaned up using a regulated solvent, the resulting mixture may be regulated.

Recommended Equipment:

Positive pressure, full-facepiece self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA), or positive pressure supplied air respirator with escape SCBA (NIOSH approved).

Personal Precautions:

Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

Environmental Precautions:

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Prevent spilled material from entering sewers, storm drains, other unauthorized drainage systems and natural waterways by using sand, earth, dry chemical absorbent or other appropriate barriers.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up:

Contain and collect spilled materials with non combustible, absorbent material and place in a container for proper disposal according to local regulations. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same physical hazards as the product.

Flush contaminated areas with water and diluted acetic acid.

SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE

General:

Wash hands after use.

Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.

Do not breathe vapors or mists.

Use good personal hygiene practices.

Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

Ventilation Requirements:

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

Storage Room Requirements:

Keep container(s) tightly closed and properly labeled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, open flame and any incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Empty container retain residue and may be dangerous.

Protect from moisture.

Recommend storage temperatures range: between 40-95°F (4-35°C).

Protect from freezing.

SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Eye protection:

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids. If additional protection is needed for entire face, use in combination with a face shield.

Skin Protection:

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. Use of an apron and boots of chemically impervious materials such as neoprene or nitrile rubber is recommended to avoid skin sensitization. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace.

Respiratory Protection:

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

Appropriate Engineering Controls:

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value.

| Chemical Name | OSHA STEL (ppm) | OSHA TWA (mg/m3) | OSHA TWA (ppm) | OSHA STEL (mg/m3) | OSHA Carcinogen | OSHA Skin designation | OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3) | NIOSH TWA (mg/m3) | NIOSH TWA (ppm) | NIOSH STEL (mg/m3) | NIOSH STEL (ppm) | NIOSH Carcinogen |
|------------------------|-----------------------|---|----------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
| SILICA, CRYSTALLINE | | [10 mg/m3 percent SiO2+2 / 250 percent SiO2+5 mppcf]; [30 mg/m3 percent SiO2+2]; | a | | | | [1,3]; [3]; | 0.05e | | | | 1 |
| TALC | | 20 mppcf | | | 1 | | 1 | | | | | |

| Chemical Name | ACGIH TWA (mg/m3) | ACGIH TWA (ppm) | ACGIH STEL (mg/m3) | ACGIH STEL (ppm) | ACGIH TLV Basis | ACGIH Carcinogen | ACGIH Notations |
|------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--|---------------------|--------------------|
| SILICA, CRYSTALLINE | 0.025 (R) | | | | Pulmonary fibrosis; lung cancer | A2 | A2 |
| TALC | 2 (E,R) | 0.1 f/cc (F) (K) | | | [LRT irr]; [Pneumoco niosis; lung cancer; mesothelio ma]; | [A1]; [A4]; | [A1]; [A4]; |

(F) - Respirable fibers, (K) - Should not exceed 2 mg/m3 respirable particulate mass, A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen

SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical and Chemical Properties

Density 8.35 lb/gal
% Solids By Weight N/A
Density VOC 0.00 lb/gal
% VOC 0.00%
Specific Gravity 1.00

Appearance Black Paste
Odor Threshold N/A
Odor Description Ammoniacal
pH N/A

Water Solubility
Negligible
Flammability
N/A
Flash Point Symbol
Flash Point (PMCC)
Viscosity
To00 poise
Lower Explosion Level
N/A
Upper Explosion Level
N/A

Vapor Pressure < 0.1 mmHg

Vapor Density N/A Freezing Point N/A Melting Point N/A Low Boiling Point 300 °F High Boiling Point N/A Auto Ignition Temp N.A. Decomposition Pt N/A **Evaporation Rate** N/A Coefficient Water/Oil N/A

SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability:

The product is stable under normal storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid:

Avoid heat, sparks, flame, high temperature, freezing and contact with incompatible materials.

Hazardous Reactions/Polymerization:

Will not occur unless product is mixed with epoxy resins, isocyanates or urethane prepolymers.

Material will polymerize at temperatures above 500°F (260°C).

Incompatible Materials:

Strong oxidizing agents, acids, epoxy resins, isocyanates, and organic peroxides may result in a violent reaction.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Incomplete combustion produces oxides of carbon, oxides of nitrogen, aldehydes and various hydrocarbons.

SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Likely Route of Exposure:

Inhalation and skin absorption

Skin Corrosion/Irritation:

May cause a severe burn to the skin through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation:

May cause severe burns, or blurred vision.

Respiratory/Skin Sensitization:

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity:

No data available

Carcinogenicity:

May cause cancer.

Reproductive Toxicity:

No data available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure:

No data available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure:

No data available

Aspiration Hazard:

No data available

Acute Toxicity:

No data available

Chronic Exposure

0014808-60-7 SILICA, CRYSTALLINE

Prolonged inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust can result in lung disease (i.e. silicosis and/or lung cancer). Symptoms include coughing, shortness of breath, wheezing and reduced pulmonary function.

Potential Health Effects - Miscellaneous

0014808-60-7 SILICA, CRYSTALLINE

Is an IARC, NTP or OSHA carcinogen. Repeated overexposure to crystalline silica may lead to x-ray changes and chronic lung disease. Inhalation of high dust concentrations may cause: breathing difficulties, lung injury. WARNING: This chemical is known to the State of California to cause cancer.

SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity:

No data available

Persistence and Degradability:

No data available.

Bio-accumulative Potential:

No data available.

Mobility in Soil:

No data available.

Other Adverse Effects:

No data available.

SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal:

Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws.

Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

Chemical additions, processing, storage, or otherwise altering this material may make the waste management information presented in this SDS incomplete, inaccurate or otherwise inappropriate. Waste characterization and disposal compliance is the responsibility solely of the party generating the waste or deciding to discard or dispose of the material.

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized whenever possible. Chemical waste, even small quantities, should never be poured down drains, sewers or waterways.

SECTION 14) TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT Information:

UN number: Not Regulated Proper shipping name: N/A (N/A)

Hazard class: N/A Packaging group: N/A

Hazardous substance (RQ): No data available Toxic-Inhalation Hazard: No data available Marine Pollutant: No data available Note / Special Provision: No data available

IMDG Information:

UN number: Not Regulated Proper shipping name: N/A (N/A)

Hazard class: N/A Packaging group: N/A

Marine Pollutant: No data available Note / Special Provision: No data available

IATA Information:

UN number: Not Regulated Hazard class: N/A Packaging group: N/A

Proper shipping name: N/A (N/A)

Note / Special Provision: No data available

SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION

California Proposition 65:

In order to comply with California Proposition 65, we feel obligated to advise that some of our products may conceivably contain trace contaminants of some of the listed chemicals. While not necessarily added to our products as ingredients, some listed chemicals may be present in the raw materials from suppliers and over which we have no control. Therefore, even though some of the listed substances may not be present, a significant risk as defined by the regulations in order to comply with California law, we feel obligated to make the following statement:

WARNING: Our products may contain trace amounts of some chemicals considered by the State of California to be carcinogens or reproductive toxicants.

Our products may contain trace amounts of some chemicals considered by the State of California to be carcinogens or reproductive toxicants.

| CAS | Chemical Name | % By Weight | Regulation List |
|--------------|--|-------------|--|
| 0005285-60-9 | Benzenamine, 4,4'- methylenebis[N-(1- methylpropyl)- | 0.0% - 50% | SARA312,TSCA |
| 0067762-90-7 | CATALYST AMORPHOUS SILICA | 0.0% - 9% | SARA312,TSCA,TSCA_UVCB - CHEMICAL SUBSTANCES OF UNKNOWN OR VARIABLE COMPOSITION, COMPLEX REACTION PRODUCTS AND BIOLOGICAL MATERIALS |
| 0014807-96-6 | TALC | 0.0% - 4% | SARA312,IARCCarcinogen,TSCA |
| 0014808-60-7 | SILICA, CRYSTALLINE | | SARA312,IARCCarcinogen,NTPCarcinogen,TSCA,CA_Prop65 - California Proposition 65,CA_Prop65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer - CA_Proposition65_Type_Toxicity_Cancer |

SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION

Glossary:

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDGCanadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)- ESE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL- Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA-National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SARA 313-Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA- Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

HMIS



(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks

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